



THE CONTRIBUTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICES IN MEETING THE OBJECTIVES AND PRINCIPLES OF MSFD

Mariana Golumbeanu¹, Andra Oros¹, Magda Nenciu¹, Marco Zavatarelli², Aldo Drago³

 ¹1NIRDEP - National Institute for Marine Research and Development "Grigore Antipa," 300 Mamaia Blvd., Constanta, Romania,
²Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Scienze del Mare, Via Isonzo,
32 Rome 00198, Italy
³University of Malta, Msida MSD 2080, Malta



Introduction



The overall scientific objectives of PERSEUS are to identify the interacting patterns of natural and human-derived pressures on the Mediterranean and Black Seas, assess their impact on marine ecosystems and, using the objectives and principles of the **Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD)** as a vehicle, to design an effective and innovative research governance framework based on sound scientific knowledge.

Well-coordinated scientific research and socio-economic analysis is applied at a wide-ranging scale, from basin to coastal. The new knowledge will advance our understanding on the selection and application of the appropriate descriptors and indicators of the MSFD.

New tools will be developed in order to evaluate the current environmental status, by way of combining monitoring and modelling capabilities and existing observational systems will be upgraded and extended.



WP8: Objectives



Objectives:

•To create training opportunities which will strengthen the existing RTD network in the Mediterranean and Black Seas in principles such as ecosystem modelling, monitoring and environmental assessment.

 To train scientists and technicians through the transfer of knowledge and skills in order to allow them to best apply the MSFD principles.

 To increase capacity building of scientific personnel using a "training visits" scheme among partners.





The Summer School on **"The contribution of environmental indices in meeting the objectives and principles of the Marine Strategy Framework Directive"** was organized in Constanta, Romania, within the framework of Work Package 8 (WP8) of the PERSEUS project.

The main focus was to create training opportunities which will strengthen the existing RTD network in the Mediterranean and Black Seas in principles such as ecosystem modeling, monitoring and environmental assessment.

The school targeted the need that both EU and non-EU states should adopt a common framework and regional approach with regards to environmental policy development, common monitoring practices and the use of common assessment tools.



PERSEUS SUMMER SCHOOL The contribution of environmental indices in meeting the objectives and principles of the Marine Strategy Framework Directive 37 June 2013

PERSEUS

The EU-FP7 Project PERSEUS (Policy oriented environmental research in the southern European Seas) aims to develop scientific research activities contributing significantly to the implementation of the EU Marine Environmental Status" (GES) in the Mediterranean and Black Sea basins. Such challenging task require the formulation of scientifically sound synthetic information about the state of the environment for informing policy makers and provide elements for the formulation of efficient environmental policy and management plans.

TRAINING HIGHLIGHTS

Given the strong PERSEUS focus on the scientific activities, problems and opportunities underlying the MSFD implementation and the achievement of "Good Environmental Status", the themes of the summer school will target to promote the definition of high level scientific activities directly connecting and contributing to the adoption of policy measures based on the so called ecosystem-based approach, and siming to support the adoption and implementation of the MFSD and GES.

The school targets to address the need for both EU and non-EU states to adopt a common framework and regional approach with regards to environmental policy development, common monitoring practices and the use of common assessment tools.

Hosted by: National Institute for Marine Research and Development "Grigore Antipa" 300 Mamaia Bhd, Constanta, Romania 440 241 54288 440 241 540870 Constanta, Romania

The Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD, 2008/56/EC) was adopted in order to protect more effectively the marine environment across Europe. It aims to achieve good environmental status (GES) of the EU's marine waters by 2020 and to safeguard the resources based upon which marine-related social activities depend. Strategies shall apply an ecosystembased approach to the management of human activities, ensuring that the collective pressure of such activities is kept within levels compatible with the achievement of good environmental status (GES) and that the capacity marine ecosystems to respond human-induced changes compromised, while enabling sustainable use of marine goods and services by present and future generations." (MSFD Art. 1.3).

MSFD

ENVIRONMENTAL INDICES

In the relatively recent past a number of environmental indices formulating assessments on several aspects of the state of the marine environment have been formulated and proposed. PERSEUS, by organizing an international summer school focusing on a selection of environmental indices ranging from lower to higher trophic levels, aims to contribute to build experience in the formulation of scientifically based synthetic assessment, by training a selected number of young scientists in selecting, computing and using such

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Between the **3th and the 7th of June of 2013**, the **PERSEUS Summer School was organized, hosted by the National Institute for Marine Research and Development "Grigore Antipa" (NIMRD) Constanta, Romania**. The planning of the school was done jointly with **Consorzio Nazionale Interuniversitario per le Scienze del Mare (CoNISMa) and the University of Malta (UoM)**.





Objectives:



The main objectives of the **PERSEUS Summer School** on the contribution of environmental indices in meeting the objectives and principles of the Marine Strategy Framework Directive were:

- to expose participants to aspects of the theoretical and practical background on the assessment of the benthic ecological status using the index M-AMBI (multivariate AMBI - AZTI's Marine Biotic Index) and MSFD assessment issues;
- (ii) to provide participants with the most important concepts related to the fishery related indices;
- (iii) to get participants acquainted with the main applications of ocean color based index/eutrophication-related core set indicators CSI023 (chlorophyll-a);
- (iv) to present theoretical and practical aspects of characterization of the ecological state of marine and coastal waters using Trophic index (TRIX);
- (v) to establish links between different researchers involved in the field of environmental indicators related with MSFD.



Targeted participants

The school appealed to a broad range of participants, young researchers and PhD students, from both PERSEUS partner and non-partner institutions, with a scientific background in biological, physical and/or chemical oceanography, willing to expand their field of interest and to disseminate the experience gained from the school to others.

School participants were chosen on the basis of their potential, with the most promising and qualified candidates being generally favoured. Selected school participants were young scientists who had some degree of experience and involvement in the field of environmental indices.

Participants hailing a number of countries: from Bulgaria, Croatia, Italy, Spain, Romania, Russia, Turkey and Ukraine.





Course outcome

The summer school format was a highly interactive one and lecturers continuously prodded participants into conveying their own professional environmental indices-related experience in order to provide further insight to the other participants and into asking thought-provoking questions.

Participants were generally receptive to the synergistic approach assumed by lecturers and actively contributed towards making the course a success.

As a result of the conduction of the summer school, a number of Mediterranean and Black Sea young researchers were trained in the basics of MSFD environmental indices, which they can utilise in their respective institutes for the better management of marine resources, thus contributing to build experience in the formulation of scientifically based synthetic assessment of the state of the marine environment, aligned with the objectives of the PERSEUS project.



The theme for the PERSEUS Summer School was targeted to give participants detailed insight into the most relevant environmental indices ranging from lower to higher trophic levels, thus contributing to build experience in the formulation of scientifically based synthetic assessment of the state of the marine environment.

The lectures on theoretical aspects were supplemented with dedicated practical applications in selecting, computing and using such tools.





Approach

A highly flexible didactic approach was adopted throughout the course, with interactive lectures generally being delivered to participants in the mornings and practical applications on using MSFD related indicators in the afternoons.

During the course, open discussion sessions were held where participants where given the opportunity to challenge and question concepts delivered during the lectures and to express their own views.

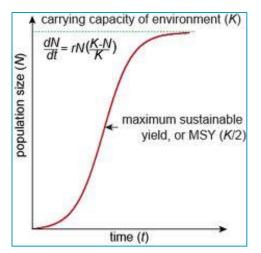
Different types of applications of environmental indicators were explored, ranging from lower to higher trophic levels. All lecturers at the summer school provided participants with extensive bodies of valuable literature related to environmental indices applied for the assessments of several aspects of the state of the marine environment and familiarised them with the most recent developments in such a field.

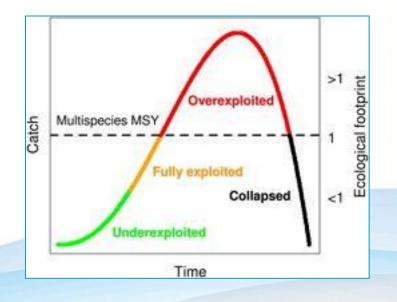
Course Content Course 1: Fishery related indices

Defining the fishery maximum sustainable yield

The opening session of the course gave participants a broad overview of fishery related indices. In particular, this session briefed students about criteria and indicators related to **Descriptor 3 of MSFD**. Such a session also gave an insight about the size based indicators and F_{msv} framework worldwide experience. Also practical for Indicators' applications calculations - choice, examples and exercises were included, together with region specific applicability and future proposals.







Course Content

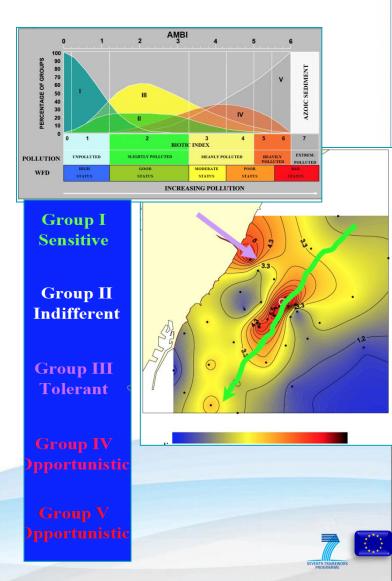
Course 2: AMBI, M-AMBI indices and MSFD assessment issues

AZTI's Marine Biotic Index (AMBI) and its multivariate extension, the M-AMBI.

The main scope of the course was presenting the concept of the Integrative Ecological Status Assessment in Implementing the European Water Framework Directive and the Marine Strategy Framework Directive.

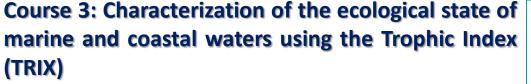
Ecological indices based on macrobenthos: the case of AMBI and M-AMBI in assessing seafloor integrity status were explained to the participants, followed by practical applications of using AMBI and M-AMBI: computation, application and exercises.







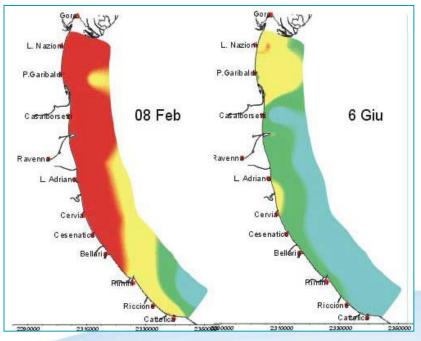
Course Content



Within this session, participants were briefed on definition of environmental indices and their use in MSFD, coastal eutrophication and socio-economic aspects related with eutrophication management.

Participants were also given an overview of Northern Adriatic sea system: Emilia-Romagna coastal waters, N/P ratio and the history of the Trophic Index, follow in the afternoon session by practical examples of computation, applications and exercises using Trix.

Operationally used to monitor the trophic State of the Emilia-Romagna (Adriatic Sea) Coastal water

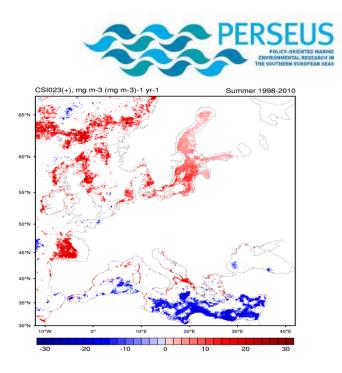


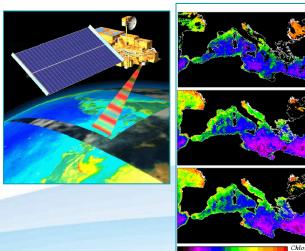


Course Content

Course 4: Ocean Color Based Index

The scope of this session was the assessment of existing Ocean Color based indicators on Eutrophication. The Ocean Color products: what is available and how to access to the data were overviewed, and a comparison of ocean color and in situ chl-a products, together with a specific case for the Mediterranean Sea were presented. Practical examples related with Ocean Color data access, Chl-a Climatology computation and Ocean Color trend Index.





Concent



Apart from increasing their scientific capacity during the lectures, we wanted to provide an opportunity for the young participants to meet, make new friends and exchange ideas.

During their stay we hosted different of social activities that surely facilitated social interaction among students.

The participants went on full day excursion, at the Constanta Maritime Harbours Administration, the Passenger Terminal and the Maritime Station.









The director of the Maritime Harbours Administration, Mr. Lucian Balut, outlining the activity in the Constanta Harbour











Perseus Summer School Review Questionnaire Summary of the course participant's feedback

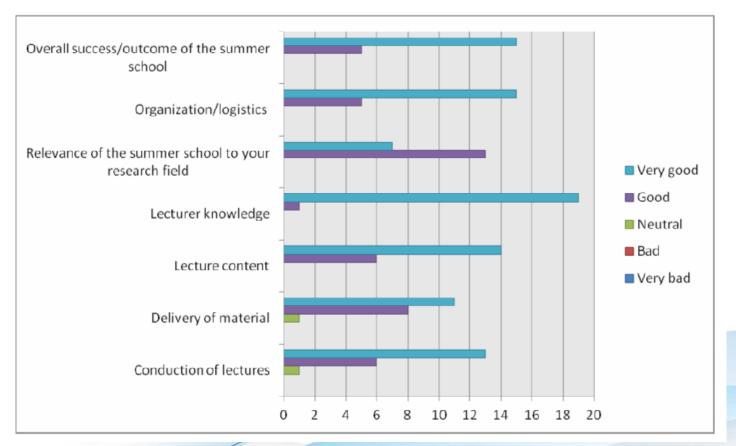
	Very bad	Bad	Neutral	Good	Very good
Conduction of lectures			1	6	13
Delivery of material			1	8	11
Lecture content				6	14
Lecturer knowledge				1	19
Relevance of the				13	7
summer school to your					
research field					
Organization/logistics				5	15
Overall				5	15
success/outcome of the					
summer school					





Overall feedback by course descriptors

CONSTANTA SUMMER SCHOOL FEEDBACK TOTAL = 20 STUDENTS



VENTH FRAMEWORK



Sambata, 08 Iunie 2013 telegrafonline.ro



Inapoi la Social

Sambata, 08 Iunie 2013

Scoala de vară la "Grigore Antipa"

Mediul marin, în atenția cercetătorilor din întreaga lume Elena RADU (elena.radu@telegrafonline.ro)

🚵 Vezi galeria de imagini a acestui articol



Tineri cercetători au luat parte în perioada 3 - 7 iunie la scoala de vară organizată de Institutul Național de Cercetare – Dezvoltare Marină "Grigore Antipa" (INCDM), din Constanța. Aceasta face parte din proiectul UE-PC7 PERSEUS "Cercetarea mediului privind politicile ambientale în mările din sudul Europei". La cursurile tinute în cadrul activității, participanții, cercetători și studenți doctoranzi, au studiat indicii de mediu care evaluează diverse aspecte ale stării mediului marin, pornind de la nivelurile trofice de bază până la vârf. Ei au luat la cunoștință de instrumente moderne de evaluare a stării

ecosistemelor marine, și au învățat cum să le folosească în evaluarea stării ecologice, dar și să folosească datele din cercetările proprii, cum sunt tezele de doctorat. Cursurile au fost sustinute de specialisti în domeniu, din tări precum Bulgaria, Italia și Spania, prezentând în fiecare zi câte un indicator, tinerilor cu pregătire științifică în biologie, oceanografie fizică sau chimică. Participanții au venit din mai multe tări cu dechidere la Marea Neagră și Mediterană, și, pe lângă aspectele teoretice au avut și numeroase aplicații practice. Coordonatorul proiectului, cercetătorul științific, Andra Oros, precizează faptul că "această școală de vară s-a organizat ca să se muleze pe obiectivele proiectului PERSEUS, principalul fiind acela ca toate mările și oceanele să ajungă la o stare ecologică bună. Tematica ei a fost aleasă în așa fel încât să se prezinte o gamă largă de indicatori care sunt folosit pentru a evalua mediul marini". În urma cursurilor ce tocmai s-au încheiat directorul INCOM, Simion Nicolaev, își propune să depășească problemele pe care le-au întâmpinat de-a lungul timpului în evaluarea stării mediului marin, dar și să ajute țările care participă la proiect, prin facilitarea drumului în implementarea lui.





HOME EVENIMENT SOCIAL ACTUALITATE ADMINISTRATIE POLITICA MAGAZIN Stiri live Vedete Angajări Bancul zilei Horoscop Targuri și expoziții în Constanța în 2013

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În căutare de soluții pentru mediul marin

Data: 6 iunie 2013 Categoria: Actualitate

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Viata lui Iisus Dovezi din viața lui Iisus care arată că are sens să crezi

Tinerii cercetători se instruiesc la Constanța

Pe parcursul săptămânii 3-7 iunie 2013, la sediul Institutului Național de Cercetare-Dezvoltare Marină "Grigore Antipa" (INCDM) Constanta se desfăsoară școala de vară focalizată pe indicatorii de mediu -"Contribuția indicatorilor de mediu la respectarea obiectivelor și principiilor Directivei-Cadru Strategia nentru Mediul Marin". Aceste cursuri au fost organizate in colaborare cu Consorțiul Național Interuniversitar pentru stiintele Mării (CoNISMa) din Roma, Italia, si Universitatea din Malta (UoM), în cadrul proiectului UE-

PC7 PERSEUS (Cercetarea mediului privind politicile ambientale în mările din sudul Europei). Proiectul PERSEUS își propune dezvoltarea de activități de cercetare care să contribuie semnificativ la implementarea Directivei-Cadru Strategia pentru Mediul Marin a UE și la atingerea Stării Bune a Mediului (GES – Good Environmental Status) în bazinele Mării Negre și Mării Mediterane

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PRIMA PAGINA STIRI FLUX REDACTIE SPORT DIVERTISMENT OPINII NEPTUN TV VEDETE NEPTU



REPORTERDD

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Sondaj de opinie II

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Politic Eveniment Social Reportaje Monden Externe Diverse Personalitati dobrogene

Școală de vară pentru cercetătorii marini la Constanța







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CONCLUSIONS

Given the strong PERSEUS focus on the scientific activities, problems and opportunities underlying the **Marine Strategy Framework Directive (MSFD)** implementation and the achievement of **"Good Environmental Status" (GES)**, the themes of the summer school were targeted to promote the definition of high level scientific activities directly connecting and contributing to the adoption of policy measures based on the so called ecosystem-based approach, and aiming to support the adoption and implementation of the MFSD and GES.

The courses aimed to address the need for both EU and non-EU states to adopt a common framework and regional approach with regards to environmental policy development, common monitoring practices and the use of common assessment tools.







Thank you!

